## **BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL**

#### REPORT TO CABINET

#### **22 JANUARY 2019**

#### REPORT OF THE INTERIM HEAD OF FINANCE

#### **BUDGET MONITORING 2018-19 – QUARTER 3 FORECAST**

# 1.0 Purpose of this report

1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide Cabinet with an update on the Council's financial position as at 31st December 2018.

# 2.0 Connections to Corporate Improvement Objectives / Other Corporate Priorities

- 2.1 This report assists in the achievement of the following corporate priorities:-
  - Supporting a successful economy taking steps to make the county a good place to do business, for people to live, work, study and visit, and to ensure that our schools are focused on raising the skills, qualifications and ambitions of all people in the county.
  - 2. **Helping people to be more self-reliant** taking early steps to reduce or prevent people from becoming vulnerable or dependent on the Council and its services.
  - 3. **Smarter use of resources** ensuring that all its resources (financial, physical, human and technological) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible and support the development of resources throughout the community that can help deliver the Council's priorities.
- 2.2 The allocation of budget determines the extent to which the Council's corporate improvement priorities can be delivered.

# 3.0 Background

3.1 On 28th February 2018, Council approved a net revenue budget of £265.984 million for 2018-19, along with a capital programme for the year of £33.693 million, which has since been updated to take into account new approvals and slippage between financial years. As part of the Performance Management Framework, budget projections are reviewed regularly and reported to Cabinet on a quarterly basis. The delivery of agreed budget reductions is also kept under review and reported to Cabinet as part of this process.

# 4.0 Current Situation / Proposal

- 4.1 Summary financial position at 31st December 2018.
- 4.1.1 The Council's net revenue budget and projected outturn for 2018-19 is shown in Table 1 below.

Table 1- Comparison of budget against projected outturn at 31st December 2018

Directorate/Budget Area	Original Budget 2018-19 £'000	Current Budget 2018-19 £'000	Projected Outturn Q3 2018-19 £'000	Projected Over / (Under) Spend 2018-19 £'000	Projected Over / (Under) Spend Qtr 2 2018-19 £'000
Directorate					
Education and Family Support Social Services and Wellbeing Communities Chief Executive's Operational and Partnership Services	108,315 67,730 26,729 3,803 14,658	110,896 70,023 26,622 19,539 0	111,438 70,017 26,873 18,160 0	542 (6) 251 (1,379) 0	396 1,252 260 (1,170) 0
Total Directorate Budgets	221,235	227,080	226,488	(592)	738
Council Wide Budgets	·	Í	·	, ,	
Capital Financing Levies Apprenticeship Levy Council Tax Reduction Scheme Insurance Premiums Building Maintenance Pension Related Costs Other Council Wide Budgets	9,514 7,046 700 14,354 1,588 900 430 10,217	9,405 7,046 700 14,354 1,588 831 430 4,550	6,993 7,070 625 14,113 1,160 831 435 1,035	(2,412) 24 (75) (241) (428) 0 5 (3,515)	(2,402) 0 (70) (114) (390) 0 5 (2,298)
Total Council Wide Budgets	44,749	38,904	32,262	(6,642)	(5,269)
Appropriations to / from Earmarked to Reserves			1,922	1,922	1,980
Total	265,984	265,984	260,672	(5,312)	(2,551)

- 4.1.2 The overall projected position at 31st December 2018 is a net under spend of £5.312 million, comprising £592,000 net over spend on directorates and £6.642 million net under spend on corporate budgets, offset by net new earmarked reserves of £1.922 million. This position is better than anticipated due to the recent award of one-off grants from Welsh Government towards costs associated with supporting sustainable social services, and towards teachers' pay for 2018-19. Bridgend's share of the grants was £620,528 for social services and £718,701 for teachers' pay. Without these the net under spend would have been £3.973 million. Given the significant funding required to meet pay, prices and pensions costs in 2019-20 any uncommitted funding in 2018-19 will be carried forward to meet those pressures in the new financial year.
- 4.1.3 The Council has recently received its final local government settlement for 2019-20 from Welsh Government and, whilst the information is still being analysed, it is clear that there will be difficult choices to make and pressures to meet going forward. In addition, there is still one quarter of the financial year remaining and there are a number of volatile budgets which could impact upon this position, particularly during the winter months. A detailed analysis of the more significant

projected under and over spends is set out in section 4.3. The position on directorate budgets is a significant improvement on quarter 2, with the projected over spend reducing by £1.33 million, around half of which is accounted for by the unexpected grants referred to above.

- 4.1.4 There have been no budget virements since the quarter 2 forecast was reported to Cabinet in October 2018. However there have been a small number of technical adjustments in respect of outstanding pay and price inflation and allocations of corporately held funding for feasibility work. In addition, the unspent balance of funding (£53,000) for the Festival of Learning, which was approved as a one-off budget pressure, and the budget pressure to replace the Welsh Government (WG) Uniform Grant (£36,000), which has subsequently been restored by WG, have been returned to the corporate budget pressures fund.
- 4.1.5 As mentioned in the quarter 2 report, the pay award for teachers from September 2018 was agreed by Parliament in the middle of September, and additional funding was provided by the Council to schools and central education services. Welsh Government has recently announced that it will provide £718,701 of grant funding towards these costs in 2018-19, covering the period September 2018 to March 2019. This funding is additional to the local authority and will be used to replace the Council funding already allocated to schools, which will be returned to the corporate pay and price budget. Further funding has also been announced, partly through the local government settlement and partly through specific grants, towards the full year effect of the teachers' pay increase for 2019-20.
- 4.1.6 The net budget for the financial year has been set assuming full implementation of the current year budget reduction requirements across the Council's budget, which amount to £6.123 million. Where proposals to meet this requirement have been delayed or are not achievable directorates have been tasked with identifying alternative proposals to meet their requirements such as vacancy management, or bringing forward alternative budget reduction proposals.
- 4.1.7 In November 2018 Cabinet was presented with the draft Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) for 2019-20 to 2022-23. It included a number of pressures facing Welsh Councils over the life of the MTFS. This reiterated the need to develop recurrent budget reduction proposals, based on the most likely scenario, amounting to £36.4 million over the next four years. Since then, the Welsh Government has published its Final Local Government Settlement on 19th December, the key headline being that core funding for local government in 2019-20 will increase by 0.2% compared to the current year, with Bridgend's reported position a reduction of -0.1%. Against that background it is essential that expenditure is kept within the overall approved budget and that longer term proposals continue to be developed so that the Council has as much flexibility as possible to meet the challenges which lie ahead.
- 4.1.8 At year end consideration will be given to requests from directors to carry forward any planned directorate under spends for specific purposes into the following year, in line with the Council's Reserves and Balances Protocol, as long as these can be met from within the Council's cash limited budget for 2018-19. This is in line with the reports to Cabinet and Council on the MTFS, and the Council's Financial Procedure Rules. Similarly, consideration will be given to any budget over spends to determine whether these should be carried forward as a first call on the directorate budget for

the following year. In addition, any opportunity to set aside funding for capital expenditure will be taken to minimise future borrowing costs. Finally, outstanding prudential borrowing will be repaid, where possible, to reduce future capital financing charges. However, a decision will not be made until towards the end of the financial year when the overall outturn position is more definite.

# 4.2 Monitoring of Budget Reduction Proposals

# **Prior Year Budget Reductions**

- 4.2.1 A report was presented to Cabinet on 19th June 2018 on Financial Performance 2017-18. In the report it was highlighted that, for 2016-17 and 2017-18, there were £2.982 million of budget reduction proposals that were not met in full, with a total outstanding balance to be met of £2.523 million. Directors have been asked to identify if any of these proposals are still not likely to be achieved in full during the 2018-19 financial year, and to identify mitigating action that will be undertaken to achieve them. A summary of the latest position is attached as Appendix 1 with a summary per directorate provided in Table 2. Of the total proposals not achieved in full at year end, the Social Services and Wellbeing Directorate had already partly realised £378,000. Consequently there are still £2.604 million of prior year budget proposals outstanding, £1.917 million of which relates to the shortfall on Social Services and Wellbeing, which will need to be met in full during 2018-19 or from alternative savings proposals.
- 4.2.2 The Social Services and Wellbeing Directorate has developed a Future Service Delivery Plan, which was presented to Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee in March 2018, and which outlines the Directorate's response to the financial challenge facing them, not least setting out the planned actions to be undertaken in order to meet the shortfall. This will continue to be monitored throughout the remainder of 2018-19 but a number of the proposals are not likely to be achieved in full in this financial year.

Table 2 – Outstanding Prior Year Budget Reductions

	Total Budget Reductions Required	Total Budget Reductions Likely to be Achieved	Shortfall
DIRECTORATE /BUDGET REDUCTION AREA	£'000	£'000	£'000
Education and Family Support	166	106	60
Social Services and Wellbeing	1,917	1,134	783
Communities	371	31	340
Chief Executive's	150	150	0
TOTAL	2,604	1,421	1,183

4.2.3 The table shows that of the £2.604 million outstanding reductions, £1.421 million is likely to be achieved in 2018-19 leaving a shortfall of £1.183 million. Proposals still not likely to be achieved include:

- Learner Transport (£60,000) due to delays in assessments of safe routes;
- Review of Car Parking Charges (£50,000) due to delay in reporting options and therefore achieving full year savings:
- Permitting Scheme for Road Works (£100,000) due to delays in approval process with Welsh Government.
- Reductions to the Materials Recovery and Energy Centre (MREC) (£200,000).

The balance mainly relates to proposals set out in the Social Services and Wellbeing Service Delivery Plan.

4.2.4 As outlined in the MTFS reports to Cabinet and Council, MTFS Principle 12 states that "Resources are allocated to deliver the Bridgend Change Programme based on clear strategic plans that are kept under review by Corporate Directors to maintain alignment with the MTFS and a MTFS Budget Reduction Contingency will be maintained". A Budget Reduction Contingency was established in 2016-17 and used to partly mitigate shortfalls on a number of budget reduction proposals. This reserve has been used to meet specific budget reduction proposals in 2016-17 and 2017-18 on a one-off basis pending alternative measures. Following agreement with the S151 officer, it is being used to mitigate the on-going shortfall on the following 2017-18 budget reduction proposal in this financial year.

COM 18	MREC	£200,000
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# **Budget Reductions 2018-19**

4.2.5 The budget approved for 2018-19 included budget reduction proposals totalling £6.123 million, which is broken down in Appendix 2 and summarised in Table 3 below. The current position is a projected shortfall on the savings target of £379,000, or 6.2% of the overall reduction target.

Table 3 – Monitoring of Budget Reductions 2018-19

	Total Budget Reductions Required	Total Budget Reductions Likely to be Achieved	Shortfall
DIRECTORATE /BUDGET REDUCTION AREA	£'000	£'000	£'000
Education and Family Support	630	453	177
Schools	0	0	0
Social Services and Wellbeing	350	350	0
Communities	1,454	1,252	202
Chief Executive's	1079	1079	0
Council Wide Budgets	2,610	2,610	0
TOTAL	6,123	5,744	379

A comparison of the RAG position against quarter 2 is provided below:

	2018-19 Q3		2018-1 Q2	9	
	£000	%	£000	%	
Green	3,978	65%	3,978	65%	
Amber	1,903	31%	2,003	33%	
Red	242	4%	142	2%	
Total	6,123	100%	6,123	100%	

There has been a slight shift from reductions classed as amber to red between quarters 2 and 3.

- 4.2.6 The most significant budget reduction proposals unlikely to be achieved include:
  - EFS1 Phased Implementation of Learner Transport Policy (£67,000);
  - COM11 Reductions to the budget for Public Conveniences (£100,000);
  - COM27 Removal of Subsidised Bus Services (£188,000)

As part of the MTFS discussions it was agreed that the progression of the latter two proposals would be dependent on the outcome of public consultations, following which decisions would be made on how to proceed with these proposals. The final council tax increase agreed for 2018-19 was 4.5%, higher than the original proposed 4.2%, to provide flexibility to enable members to mitigate some of the proposed budget reductions. A report was presented to Cabinet on 15th May on the outcome of the public consultation exercise in respect of the rationalisation of supported bus services (COM27). Cabinet resolved to retain the subsidy for three routes for a period of one year to allow additional time in dialogue with bus operators and with other potential partners to try and find ways of keeping existing routes running. Consequently, £51,500 of this funding was transferred to the Communities directorate for one year only to offset this shortfall. With regard to Public Conveniences, a report was presented to Cabinet in June 2018. A number of proposals were made but, given time to implement some, the full budget saving will not be made during 2018-19, and the directorate will mitigate this shortfall with other measures.

4.2.7 Appendix 2 identifies the projected amount of saving against these proposals and action to be taken by the directorate to mitigate the shortfall. Directors continue to work with their staff to deliver their proposals or alternatives and this is reflected in the forecast outturn for the year. In the longer term, these proposals must be realised or must be met through alternative budget reduction proposals in order to deliver a balanced budget position.

# 4.3 Commentary on the financial position as at 31st December 2018

A summary of the financial position for each main service area is attached as Appendix 3 to this report and comments on the most significant variances are provided below.

## 4.3.1 Education and Family Support Directorate

The net budget for the Directorate for 2018-19 is £110.896 million. Current projections indicate an over spend of £542,000. The main variances are:

EDUCATION & FAMILY SUPPORT DIRECTORATE	Net Budget £'000	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance
Inclusion	2,838	3,224	386	13.6%
Home to School Transport	4,779	5,498	719	15.0%
Pupil Support	345	218	(127)	-36.8%
Catering Services	811	749	(62)	-7.6%
Integrated Working	1,457	1,252	(205)	-14.1%
Youth Justice	384	278	(106)	-27.6%

## **Schools' Delegated Budgets**

Total funding currently delegated to schools in 2018-19 is £90.321 million. The schools' delegated budget is reported as balanced as any under or over spend is automatically carried forward into the new financial year before being considered by the Director of Education and Family Support in line with the 'Guidance on Managing School Surplus Balances'.

At Quarter 3 in 2018-19 there are 22 primary schools, 5 secondary schools and 1 special school (47% of all schools) that are projecting a deficit balance at year end. However, Welsh Government has just provided local authorities with an additional £231,049 of grant funding towards additional costs incurred in funding additional free school meals during 2018-19 due to the rollout of Universal Credit. Taking this into account, in total the quarter 3 projections indicate an overall deficit balance for school delegated budgets of £870,000 at year end. However, the real position is a net deficit of £1.101 million.

# **Central Education and Family Support Budgets**

#### Inclusion

There is a projected over spend of £386,000 in the Inclusion service. £83,000 is due to an increase in demand for ancillary support in schools and difficulty in recruitment, and hence increased agency costs. £303,000 is due to recoupment costs – there were 31 out of county placements at quarter 3 compared with 27 at the end of 2017-18. Additional ancillary support has also been required at Ysgol Bryn Castell special school.

## Home to School Transport

• There is an over spend of £719,000 on Home to School Transport. There has been a significant increase in eligible pupils for both Home to College and primary school transport of 16.5% and 18.1% respectively from 2016-2017 continuing into 2018-19. There are also significant additional pressures caused by increased numbers of eligible pupils with Additional Learning Needs, in particular those pupils with autism spectrum disorders. Although a learner travel policy was approved by Cabinet in September 2015 with subsequent budget

reductions of £1.6 million the savings generated have not been as high as anticipated due to the need to undertake safe route assessments and deal with legal challenges. Additional pressures in 2018-19 have arisen due to transport being provided to support the Council's vulnerable groups agenda, and the handing back of contracts from providers which, when retendered, have proven to be more costly.

#### **Pupil Support**

 The under spend of £127,000 relates primarily to the volunteer driver support service which ceased in February 2017 whilst a review was undertaken. The continued cessation of the service has been included as a saving proposal in the draft MTFS for 2019-20.

# **Catering Services**

 The under spend of £62,000 has arisen as a result of a projected increase over and above the anticipated demand for school meals compared with when the budgets were set at the start of the financial year. Take up of school meals will require close in-year monitoring and projections could be affected by adverse winter weather.

# Integrated Working

 The under spend of £205,000 relates to staff vacancies and maximisation of grant funding within the service.

# Youth Justice

• The under spend of £106,000 is a combination of savings on the premises budget following vacation of the offices at Tremains Road, along with staff vacancy management. This will contribute towards a budget reduction proposal in the draft MTFS for 2019-20 of £41,000 against the Youth Offending Service.

#### 4.3.2 Social Services and Wellbeing Directorate

The Directorate's net budget for 2018-19 is £70.023 million. Current projections indicate a net under spend of £6,000 at year end. The position has been masked by the one-off Welsh Government grant of £620,528 referred to in paragraph 4.1.2. The real position is a projected over spend of £614,000 which is a reduction of £638,000 on the quarter 2 position. The main variances are:

SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING DIRECTORATE	Net Budget £'000	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance
Care at home for Older People	8,462	8,544	82	1.0%
Equipment and Adaptations	859	985	126	14.7%
Assessment and Care Management	4,892	4,378	(514)	-10.5%
Care at Home for Learning Disabilities	9,366	9,795	429	4.6%
Mental Health Residential Care	1,266	1,158	(108)	-8.5%
Looked After Children	11,168	12,035	867	7.8%

# Care at Home for Older People

• Care at home includes domiciliary care services, local authority homecare services and the provision of direct payments. The net over spend is forecast at £82,000. The average number of weekly homecare and domiciliary care hours provided this financial year has increased by approximately 4.6% compared to 2017-18. The demand for direct payments has also increased from an average of 37 in 2017-18 to 53 this financial year.

# **Equipment and Adaptations**

 There is a projected over spend of £126,000 as a result of increased usage of aids and equipment, along with servicing costs. These costs are seen as preventative investment aimed at keeping residents out of long term care.

## Assessment and Care Management (ACMT)

There is a projected under spend of £514,000 on all assessment and care
management budgets, including £175,000 on assessment and care
management for older people and £172,000 under spend on ACMT for people
with mental health, arising mainly from staff vacancies, although the directorate
still hopes to fill some of these posts during the latter part of the year. Effective
vacancy management throughout the year has enabled cost savings to be
achieved.

# Care at Home for People with Learning Disabilities

 There is a projected over spend of £429,000 as a result of an increase in the number and the complexity of needs of service users receiving direct payments or receiving domiciliary care within a home setting or supported accommodation. This forecast over spend has actually reduced by £220,000 since quarter 2.

# Mental Health Residential Care

A projected under spend of £108,000 is likely based on current placements.
 Anticipated health contributions to these placements is contributing to this projection.

# Looked After Children (LAC)

- There is a projected over spend of £867,000 on LAC. MTFS budget reductions have resulted in the budget being reduced by around £1 million over the last three years. The projected over spend has actually reduced by £485,000 since quarter 1 as the directorate has started to implement its residential and fostering remodelling projects.
- Project plans for both of these areas are now in place and the required work
  has gathered momentum, with significant capital work taking place in 2018-19.
  The plan to place more children into in-house foster placements is now in place
  but due to the time taken to put arrangements into place, the full saving is not
  likely to be realised in 2018-19.
- The average number of LAC this financial year is 376 compared with an average of 387 in 2017-18, with 11 children currently in out of county residential placements. Some individual placements can cost around £220,000 per annum. The cost of out of county placements is a considerable pressure on the budget and greatly contributing to the current forecast over spend.

- The average number of independent fostering placements (IFAs) this financial year is 62 compared to 82 in 2017-18.
- The budget is closely monitored to ensure that the current over spend is reduced and that the budget for 2018-19 is effectively managed.

# 4.3.3 Communities Directorate

The net budget for the Directorate for 2018-19 is £26.622 million and the current projection is an anticipated over spend of £251,000. The main variances are:

COMMUNITIES DIRECTORATE	Net Budget £'000	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance
Development	362	462	100	27.6%
Regeneration	2,260	2,185	(75)	-3.3%
Public Conveniences	72	168	96	133.3%
Waste Disposal	4,629	4,679	50	1.1%
Waste Collection	4,971	5,196	225	4.5%
Street lighting	1,561	1,511	(50)	-3.2%
Network Management	163	263	100	61.3%
Highways Services	2,514	2,614	100	4.0%
Fleet Services	11	151	140	1272.7%
Engineering Services	58	(162)	(220)	-379.3%
Parks & Open Spaces	2,082	2,002	(80)	-3.8%

#### **Development Control**

 The projected over spend in Development of £100,000 is primarily due to a forecast downturn in planning application income based on income to date and comparison with the 2017-18 outturn. Fee income is subject to considerable fluctuations between years, depending on number and type of applications.

#### Regeneration

 The projected under spend in Regeneration is primarily due to staff vacancy management.

# Public Conveniences

A report was presented to Cabinet on the 19th June 2018 outlining the findings of the public consultation and recommending actions against each of the town centre public toilets. Implementing these recommendations has taken some time to complete and discussions with the Town and Community Councils have taken place prior to the formal consultation with affected staff, therefore the £100,000 MTFS saving for 2018-19 will not be made in full this year.

# Waste Disposal

• There was a budget reduction target of £200,000 for 2017-18 in respect of the MREC. There has been a procurement exercise with Neath Port Talbot Council to secure a new operator for the facility, therefore for this financial year the full MTFS saving has been funded from the MTFS Budget Reduction Contingency Reserve as outlined in paragraph 4.2.4. The balance of the projected over spend is primarily due to increased costs for disposing of street waste. There is a £36,000 budget pressure against this in the draft MTFS for 2019-20.

#### Waste Collection

The projected over spend of £225,000 on waste collection services is due to a
combination of factors. The disposal contract with Neath Port Talbot CBC is
based on a fixed price, minimum tonnage. Consequently a drop in commercial
waste tonnage for disposal, and subsequent reduction in income, has not
generated a corresponding reduction in cost. The Council is currently working
closely with Neath Port Talbot CBC to renegotiate the terms of this
arrangement.

## Street Lighting

 There is a projected under spend of £50,000 which has primarily arisen following the Local Government Borrowing Initiative (LGBI) programme for the replacement of lanterns, and subsequent reduction in energy costs. This will contribute towards a proposal in the draft MTFS for 2019-20 of £30,000 against Street lighting.

#### **Network Management**

• The projected over spend of £100,000 is due to the delay in realising the 2017-18 MTFS target of £100,000 in respect of introducing a permitting scheme. The timeline is not in the direct control of BCBC officers as the business case is going through multiple steps in an approval process with Welsh Government. However ultimately a positive response is expected, and this is being led by the Group Manager to ensure its successful implementation.

# **Highways Services**

• There is a projected over spend of £100,000 mainly as a result of an in-year notification received regarding the cessation of the contract with the South Wales Trunk Road Agency (SWTRA) which is responsible for managing, maintaining and improving the motorways, trunk roads and associated assets throughout the South Wales region on behalf of the Welsh Government. There is a proposed £200,000 budget pressure for this in the draft MTFS for 2019-20.

#### Fleet Services

 There is a projected over spend of £140,000 across the service, similar to the 2017-18 outturn, due to a downturn in income arising from reduced spend by Directorates. The Directorate plans to undertake a review of the fleet service in the near future.

#### **Engineering Services**

There is a projected under spend across the service of £220,000 due to a
projected increase in the level of fee earning jobs (balance of EU/non EU
funded projects and the differing chargeable rates allowed) based on income
earned to date compared with 2017-18 outturn.

#### Parks & Open Spaces

 There is a projected under spend across the service of £80,000 due primarily to staff vacancies, in particular seasonal grounds maintenance staff where it has been problematic to recruit this year.

# 4.3.4 Chief Executive's Directorate

The net budget for the Directorate for 2018-19 is £19.539 million and current projections anticipate an under spend against this budget of £1.379 million. The main variances are:

CHIEF EXECUTIVES	Net Budget £'000	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance
Business Unit	1,060	933	(127)	-12.0%
Accountancy	1,523	1,423	(100)	-6.6%
Housing Benefits – Admin / Payments to Claimants	712	597	(115)	-16.2%
Member and Mayoral Services	1,823	1,486	(337)	-18.5%
HR and Organisational Development	1,637	1,484	(153)	-9.3%
ICT	3,734	3,477	(257)	-6.9%
Shared Regulatory Services	1,459	1,373	(86)	-5.9%
Communication & Marketing	1,622	1,439	(183)	-11.3%

# **Business** Unit

 The forecast under spend of £127,000 mainly relates to staffing vacancies across the service. These vacancies are to be held whilst a review is undertaken across all Business Support.

# **Accountancy**

 The forecast under spend of £100,000 mainly relates to staffing vacancies across the service. These vacancies will be monitored in line with business needs.

#### Housing Benefits – Admin / Payments to Claimants

• There is an under spend in respect of the administration of housing benefit arising mainly from staffing vacancies, but also changes in staffing hours and additional annual leave purchases. This may possible be offset by a potential over spend on housing benefit subsidy.

#### Member and Mayoral Services

 This forecast under spend of £337,000 is mainly as a result of the delay in initially implementing the Members' Community Action Fund in 2017-18, which has impacted upon this year's budget. An assessment of the first year of operation was presented to Audit Committee in December. The budget for this fund is £285,000.

# HR and Organisational Development

 The under spend of £153,000 is mainly due to staffing vacancies, not least the removal of the Head of HR and Organisational Development post, as part of the Chief Executive's restructuring of senior management. These savings are being considered within 2019-20 MTFS proposals.

# **ICT**

• The forecast under spend of £257,000 is mainly due to staffing vacancies. These vacancies are being held with future MTFS savings requirements in mind.

# **Shared Regulatory Services**

• The forecast under spend mainly relates to £141,000 rebate from the 2017-18 shared service final outturn position. This rebate is currently offsetting shortfalls of income elsewhere within regulatory services, resulting in a projected £86,000 under spend overall.

## Communications & Marketing

The forecast under spend of £183,000 is mainly due to staffing vacancies.
 These vacancies are being held with future MTFS savings requirements in mind.

# 4.3.5 **Council Wide budgets**

This section includes budgets, provisions and services which are council wide, and not managed by an individual directorate. The budget is £38.904 million and the projected outturn is £32.262 million, resulting in a projected under spend of £6.642 million. The main variances are detailed below:

COUNCIL WIDE BUDGETS	Net Budget £'000	Projected Outturn £'000	Projected Variance Over/(under) budget £'000	% Variance
Capital Financing Costs	9,405	6,993	(2,412)	-25.6%
Insurance Premiums	1,588	1,160	(428)	-27.0%
Other Council Wide Budgets	4,550	1,035	(3,515)	-77.3%

#### Capital Financing

• The projected under spend of £2.412 million is mainly as a result of the change in policy in respect of repayment of debt (Minimum Revenue Provision - MRP), as approved by Council in September (£2 million saving in 2018-19). There is also an under spend on interest paid due to lower borrowing than anticipated, as the Council uses its own internal resources to finance schemes, and additional interest received from current investments. The funding released from the change in policy has been transferred to an earmarked reserve for future capital expenditure.

#### **Insurance Premiums**

• There is a projected under spend of £179,000 as a result of the reduction in the premium for property insurance in 2018-19 following a retendering exercise. There is also a fortuitous and unexpected rebate in respect of the Maesteg PFI scheme under the contract's premium sharing agreement (£177,000).

#### Other Council Wide Budgets

- The under spend of £3.515 million is due to reduced requirements for funding for budget pressures and inflationary increases compared to the estimates provided at the start of the financial year. This includes funding returned from the Education and Family Support budget for the Festival of Learning and Uniform grant, which are no longer required. The pay award for all staff has now been agreed, so the remaining balance on these budgets should not change significantly during the remainder of the year unless any unexpected emergencies arise during the winter months. This budget has been supplemented by the additional £718,701 grant funding received from Welsh Government towards the costs of teachers' pay.
- As mentioned in previous reports, there is likely to be a significant increase in the employer's contribution to teachers' pensions from September 2019. This was significantly higher than previously indicated, and for Bridgend will result in a full year cost of around £3.5 million. Given no additional funding has been provided through the local government settlement for this, any balance of funding from provisions for pay and prices will be carried forward to meet that pressure.

It should be noted that this projection could change significantly during the financial year, depending on inflationary increases, the extent of inclement weather during the winter period and further demands on the Council Tax Reduction Scheme. At this point in the financial year it is prudent to assume that all other budgets will be fully spent by year end.

# 4.4 Capital programme monitoring

- 4.4.1 This section of the report provides Members with an update on the Council's capital programme for 2018-19. The original budget approved by Council on 28th February 2018 has been further revised and approved by Council during the year to incorporate budgets brought forward from 2017-18 and any new schemes and grant approvals. The revised programme for 2018-19 currently totals £36.544 million, of which £29.595 million is met from BCBC resources, including capital receipts and revenue contributions from earmarked reserves, with the remaining £6.949 million coming from external resources.
- 4.4.2 Appendix 4 provides details of the individual schemes within the capital programme, showing the budget available in 2018-19 compared to the projected spend. Commentary is provided detailing any issues associated with these projects. The revised programme was only approved in December 2018, so there have been few amendments since then other than the following main changes:
  - £3.2 million slippage in respect of the Waterton Depot upgrade into 2019-20. It is anticipated that work will not commence until at least 2019-20, following detailed design work.
  - £500,000 slippage in respect of the Children's Residential Hub as the main contract is not due to commence until 2019-20.
  - Development of a specialist supported living facility, funded by Integrated Care Funding (£350,000).

4.4.3 At this point in the financial year, and following discussions with directorates, it is assumed that all other projects will be in line with the budget as set out in Appendix 4. However, this will depend upon scheme progress during the financial year and any inclement weather experienced, which may place additional pressure on project timescales.

#### 4.5 Review of Earmarked reserves

- 4.5.1 The Council is required to maintain adequate financial reserves to meet the needs of the organisation. The MTFS includes the Council's Reserves and Balances Protocol which sets out how the Council will determine and review the level of its Council Fund balance and earmarked reserves. A quarter 3 review of the particular pressures that were to be covered by earmarked reserves was undertaken and Directorates have drawn down funding.
- 4.5.2 The cumulative draw down by directorates is £4.774 million from specific earmarked reserves and there have been net additions of £1.922 million as shown in Table 4 below.

Table 4 - Movement on Earmarked Reserves to the end of Quarter 3

Opening Balance 01-Apr-2018 £'000	Reserve	Net Additions/ Reclass- ification £'000	Draw- down £'000	Closing Balance 31-Dec-2018 £'000
	Corporate Reserves:-			
-	Education & Family Support	(18)	(660)	-
-	Social Services & Wellbeing	-	(1,368)	-
-	Communities	(291)	(884)	-
-	Chief Executives	-	(636)	-
ı	Non-Directorate	1,588	-	-
39,155	Total Corporate Reserve	1,279	(3,548)	36,886
	Directorate Earmarked Reserves:-			
463	Education & Family Support	152	(122)	493
1,661	Social Services & Wellbeing	-	-	1,661
2,448	Communities	295	(267)	2,476
1,081	Chief Executives	(5)	(386)	690
5,653	Total Directorate Reserves	442	(775)	5,320
	Equalisation & Grant Earmarked Reserves:-			
339	Education & Family Support	-	(339)	-
2,314	Communities	201	(112)	2,403
254	Chief Executives	-	-	254
2,907	Total Equalisation Reserves	201	(451)	2,657
360	School Balances	-	-	360
48,075	Total Usable Reserves	1,922	(4,774)	45,223

#### 4.5.3 The review also examined:-

- commitments against existing reserves and whether these were still valid;
- earmarked reserve requests from directorates as a result of emerging issues and;
- emerging risks for the Council as a whole.

Table 5 below details the creation of new earmarked reserves, increases to existing earmarked reserves and amounts that have been unwound from reserves since the beginning of the financial year.

Table 5 – Net Appropriations to/from Earmarked Reserves to Quarter 3

	Unwound up to Qtr 3	New/Additions to Reserves Qtr 3 £'000	Total to Qtr 3	Total to Qtr 2 £'000	Increase/ (Decrease) Qtr 3 £'000
Corporate Reserves:-					
Asset Management Reserve	(300)	0	(300)	-	(300)
Capital Programme Contribution	(153)	2,000	1,847	1,847	-
Change Management	(18)	500	482	500	(18)
ICT & Finance Systems	(250)	-	(250)	(250)	-
Insurance Reserve	-	2,320	2,320	-	2,320
Major Claims Reserve	(3,534)	700	(2,834)	(514)	(2,320)
Property Disposal Strategy	-	14	14	5	9
Total Corporate Reserves	(4,255)	5,534	1,279	1,588	(309)
Directorate Reserves:-					
Directorate Issues	-	232	232	232	-
Donations Reserve Account	-	1	1	1	-
Local Development Plan IT System	(20)	-	(20)	-	(20)
Human Resources Reserve	(5)	-	(5)	-	(5)
Waste Awareness Reserve	-	82	82	-	82
School Projects Reserve	-	152	152	152	-
Total Directorate Reserves	(25)	467	442	385	57
Equalisation & Grant Reserves:-					
Local Development Plan	-	15	15	-	15
IFRS Grants	-	154	154	-	154
Highways Reserve	-	32	32	7	25
Equalisation & Grant Reserves	-	201	201	7	194
TOTAL RESERVES	(4,280)	6,202	1,922	1,980	(58)

4.5.4 The new additions since quarter 2 include a reclassification of £2.320 million from the Major Claims Reserve to the Insurance Reserve to cover potential insurance claims rather than other major claims. There has also been a further reclassification of monies that had previously been received from Welsh Government into the IFRS Grants Earmarked Reserve of £154,000 and an addition of £82,000 to the Waste Awareness Reserve to continue to support the employment of waste enforcement officers. These additions have been funded from the projected under spend on other

non-Directorate budgets at the end of quarter 2 or the unwinding of existing reserves as outlined above. There are also additions which are from de-minimis capital receipts (£9,000) and highways commuted sums (£25,000).

4.5.5 A full breakdown of total movement on earmarked reserves at 31st December is provided in Appendix 5.

## 5.0 Effect upon Policy Framework & Procedure Rules

5.1 As required by section 3 (budgetary control) of the Financial Procedure Rules; Chief Officers in consultation with the appropriate Cabinet Member are expected to manage their services within the approved cash limited budget and to provide the Chief Finance Officer with such information as is required to facilitate and monitor budgetary control.

# 6.0 Equalities Impact Assessment

6.1 There are no implications in this report.

# 7.0 Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 Implications

7.1 The well-being goals identified in the Act were considered in the preparation of this report. As the report is for information it is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable impacts upon the achievement of wellbeing goals/objectives as a result of this report.

# 8.0 Financial implications

8.1 These are reflected in the body of the report.

#### 9.0 Recommendations

9.1 Cabinet is requested to note the projected revenue and capital outturn position for 2018-19.

Gill Lewis Interim Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer January 2019

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Individual Directorate Monitoring Reports MTFS Report to Council – 28 February 2018 **Background documents:**